

CZAR HEARS KAISER'S ADVICE

EUROPE ANXIOUSLY AWAITS THE RESULTS OF THE CONFERENCE.

Emperors Exchange Visits on the Imperial Yacht—One Guess on the Outcome Is the Formation of a Russo-German-French Alliance—Various Others.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.
ST. PETERSBURG, July 24.—The Russian imperial yacht Hohenzollern, with the respective emperors aboard, met in the Gulf of Finland last night. The Kaiser dined with the czar on the Russian yacht and later the visit was returned. To-day the czar took luncheon on the Hohenzollern.

The czar returned to Peterhof this evening.

The official version of the meeting of the emperors is contained in the following telegram from Count Minister Fredericks, sent from Bismarck.

"10 o'clock on Sunday evening the German imperial yacht Hohenzollern dropped anchor near the Polar Star. Emperor William, accompanied by Prince Albert of Schleswig-Holstein, and attended by his suite, was rowed to the Polar Star.

"His Majesty was received at the head of the ladder by the czar and Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch. Conversations having been prolonged, the emperors reviewed the guard of honor and the yacht's crew. The two suites were then presented, after which their Majesties retired to the deck saloon.

"At 11 P. M. the czar and Grand Duke accompanied the Kaiser aboard the Hohenzollern, where the former returned to the Polar Star at 1:30 A. M."

From well informed quarters it is learned that the Kaiser was willing to express his views on an absolute monarch's proper relation with the Socialists, and, expressing himself as a sovereign ruler by Divine right, the Kaiser's attitude toward the Socialists is similarly derived. In the matter of external policy the Kaiser's purpose was to dissuade Russia from abandoning definitely her policy of expansion in the extreme Orient, and especially to discourage her from turning toward Asia Minor and the Persian Gulf.

BERLIN, July 24.—The Sun correspondent is in a position to repeat authoritatively that the meeting between the Kaiser and the czar was due to the initiative of the czar. An inspired statement of the Kaiser's attitude toward the czar is that the Kaiser was willing to advise the czar upon any questions of internal or external policy which the czar may put, but would not take the initiative in the discussion.

It was taken for granted that the Kaiser would recommend reforms and peace as the basis for reorganization of the country, which is regarded as essential to the interests of Germany.

There was a rise in Russian securities on the Stock Exchange to-day, but holders were not disposed to sell.

PETERSBURG, July 24.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the *Matin* says:
"After having been in fear of an Anglo-French alliance, the Kaiser now dreads a possible alliance between Japan and Russia. It was for this reason that he proposed to the czar that they should meet."

"Friends of peace here fear that the czar may return to Russia encouraged to continue hostilities by the words of Emperor William. The latter, on the other hand, is believed to be very anxious regarding the progress of the revolutionary movement in Russia."

Jan Laurin, the Socialist leader, writing in his paper, *L'Humanité*, says:
"It is a heavy responsibility that William assumes in accepting a proposal to meet the czar, for the whole world will think that Nicholas, infatuated and unbalanced, makes an appeal to his German cousin which will be in order to ask his advice on domestic as well as foreign policy; and it is known, or at any rate imagined, that the weak will of the czar will not be able to resist the firmer, or at least more vehement, will of his interlocutor on this occasion."

It is to the imagination of William that the whole world of humanity will attribute the decisions of Nicholas. What advice then, will the German Emperor be able to give the czar? Can he give him encouragement to be the absolutist of tradition? That would be acting in defiance of evidence and the necessity of the case. It would mean setting out to resist the movement of Europe for a century past."

The *Reichs* says: "The grave misfortune of Nicholas II. have emanated so directly from London that it will have no difficulty in clapping the hands of the Kaiser and the czar. The only of the Kaiser's and his treacherous advice to St. Petersburg will have contributed to this denunciation if it becomes a fact, and to-day's clumsy Anglo-French flirtation, which a London Government still prolongs, will further aid in precipitating the surprises which the German Emperor meditates and which will be the greatest triumph of his policy."

LONDON, July 25.—The keen curiosity which has been stimulated throughout Europe by the meeting of the emperors has not yet been satisfied. Notwithstanding the speculations and surmises, intelligent and otherwise, which flood the press of every country, no real light is shed on the mystery. The St. Petersburg correspondent of the *Morning Post* likens Russian society in its eagerness to unravel the puzzle to a hen whose duckling has suddenly taken to the water. Nobody understands it and everybody has a different explanation.

The pro-German court party, it is alleged, launched the coup immediately after Mr. Witte's departure, in order to checkmate his suspected maneuvering for an English, French and Russian alliance, while the official Russian world, which is bitterly hostile to German influence, is convinced that German intimacy would be more detrimental to the interests of Russia than the open coldness of many other powers. Certain diplomatic circles, which are completely nonplussed by the episode, share the view of a majority of St. Petersburg politicians that the incident is another exhibition of the Kaiser's impulsiveness.

According to the Paris correspondent of the *Standard*, who, however, admits his inability to speak positively, there is some evidence that while the French public is deeply puzzled over the meeting, Prime Minister Rouvier knows very well what is happening, or, at least, knows what may happen if the Kaiser fails in his schemes which are still rather unshaped, but which Mr. Rouvier has had in his head ever since he took over the portfolio of the Foreign Ministry. The correspondent intimates

that these schemes tend to the establishment of a rapprochement between France and Germany, leading to some such Russian, German and French alliance as existed briefly in the Far East after the Chinese-Japanese War.

M. Rouvier has often been credited with Germanophile tendencies, and it looks, says the correspondent, as though he has not been quite falsely credited with them. He cites in proof of this an article in the *Times*, which it is well known is often used by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs to fly kites or make announcements. The gist of the article is that no political consequences are necessarily to be deduced from the meeting. The Kaiser always has been sympathetic with Russia, and if the object of the conference of the emperors was to establish a rapprochement between Russia and Germany such an understanding would not interfere with existing alliances.

WON A VICTORY, BUT—
"We Eventually Retreated," Reports the Russian Commander.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 24.—Gen. Linievich reports that on July 20 the Russians outflanked the Japanese positions three miles north of Yankovsk. The Japanese evacuated the positions without fighting and the Russians occupied them.

"But," adds the Russian commander, "the Japanese retired to a fortified position west of the Yulankovsk Valley, which covered their further movements, and we experienced such great difficulty in surmounting the obstacles before them, the fortifications that our detachment eventually retreated in a northerly direction."

A despatch from Sakhalin states that several Japanese warships were sighted yesterday morning near Alexandrovsk. Later some of them fired four shots at the Russian position, but without effect. Two torpedo boats bombarded the coast north of Alexandrovsk.

MANY KILLED IN RUSSIAN RIOTS.

Outbreak at Nijni Novgorod, Where Panlo

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, July 24.—A despatch from Nijni Novgorod, Central Russia, says that rioting broke out there yesterday afternoon and lasted for five hours, or till dark.

Many persons were killed and several were wounded. A man who was endeavoring to appease the mob was killed before the eyes of the Governor.

The rioting was unchecked until dark. Crowds broke into houses in pursuit of victims. A panic prevails in the city. Nijni Novgorod to-day says that the town is completely in the hands of thousands of roughs, who are murdering attacking every respectable dressed person they meet.

WORKMEN FIGHT TROOPS.

Several Injured When an Attempt Was

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 24.—A fight occurred on Saturday at Seitzovsk, twenty miles from St. Petersburg, between soldiers and workmen. The latter were holding a procession, when the soldiers stopped them with bayonets and rifle butts. The workmen retaliated, using clubs and stones. A number on both sides were injured.

BARON KOMURA DUE TO-DAY.

Peace Commissioner to Be Entertained

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

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The Japanese Peace Commissioner, headed by Baron Komura, Japanese Secretary of Foreign Affairs, is due to arrive here on the Pennsylvania, which will leave for St. Petersburg at 4:15 this forenoon. The Japanese Ambassador to Washington, as well as Baron Kaneko, Consul-General Uchida and a number of prominent Japanese residents of New York, will meet the peace commissioner at Philadelphia. It is expected that about all the Japanese residents of the city and vicinity will be at the Jersey City station or at the foot of West Twenty-third street when the party arrives.

Just what hostilities will be on the program for the five days that Baron Komura and his suite will be in New York has not yet been fully determined. A meeting of prominent Japanese residents of New York was held at the Nippon Club, 44 West Eighty-fifth street, last evening to consider the matter. A formal reception will be given to the visitors while they are here, but when or where has not been decided. The details will be left to the wishes of Baron Komura. The reception will be given by the Nippon Club and the most likely place is the clubhouse itself.

If Baron Komura and his party consent Baron Kaneko will entertain them at dinner at the Metropolitan Club on Wednesday or Thursday.

After his arrival here Baron Komura and certain members of his suite, presumably A. Sato and Y. Yamada, will go to Oyster Bay to pay their respects to President Roosevelt. It is probable also that they will go to Washington for a few days and return here to New York for a brief stay prior to going to Portsmouth.

COMES FOR PEACE CONFERENCE.

Among the passengers who arrived on

the steamer Zealand last night from Antwerp and the Japanese Legation at Brussels. He has been ordered here as one of the attaches at the coming peace conference. Others on board were J. E. Howe, Roscoe C. Lockwood and Col. von Leer Pok.

RUNAWAYS CAUSE TROUBLE.

Upset Baby Carriage, Scare Woman Into

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

A team of horses attached to a fat-collecting wagon owned by Gustav Seiner of 43 Lexington avenue and driven by the proprietor's son, Charles, became frightened yesterday at an automobile opposite 508 Court street, Brooklyn, and ran onto the sidewalk. When they reached 562 Court street they upset and wrecked a baby carriage containing Thomas McDonald, eleven months old, tossing him out. He was only slightly hurt. The runaways tore down the awnings over several stores.

When the horses left the sidewalk they ran into a wagon owned by Gustav Rebenkoff, damaging it and knocking down Mr. Rebenkoff's horse and breaking three of its legs. The animal, which was valued at \$175, was shot. Miss Julia Dromi of 45 Garret street, who witnessed the horse's dash into the baby carriage, was seized with hysteria and was attended by Ambulance Surgeon Bull of the Long Island College Hospital.

Patrolman Gresham of the Hamilton avenue station managed to grab the harness of the runaways and was dragged 100 feet before he was able to bring them to a halt.

HIGGINS WON'T OBEY ODELL.

EXPLANATION OF THE "NICE LITTLE FELLOW" SLUR.

Gas, Water, Railroads and Insurance Attended To Without Consultation With State Chairman—Also, Elsborg Doesn't Seem to Get Burnett's Place.

Chairman Odell of the Republican State committee was at the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday and conferred most of the afternoon with Bouquet Billy Halpin, Mr. Odell's president of the New York county committee. The report was again current that County Clerk Thomas L. Hamilton is Mr. Odell's selection as candidate for Mayor and that Mr. Odell's alliance with William R. Hearst will at the proper time bring about the nomination of Martin W. Littleton, President of Brooklyn borough, for Comptroller.

Chairman Odell endeavored to explain his remark concerning Gov. Higgins in the authorized interview printed for him on Sunday wherein he spoke of Gov. Higgins as "a nice little fellow." Chairman Odell said: "I made the remark that the Governor was a good little fellow, but I did not mean it in a sense that would cast any reflection on him. I did not intend at all to refer to his intellect."

Chairman Odell has had numerous instances of his unfortunate desire to talk brought home. Several years ago at Lake Mohonk he made a slighting remark concerning the late Frederick S. Gibbs, at the time Republican national committeeman for the State and the most powerful Republican in New York city politics. Mr. Gibbs understood the remark, and later, when Mr. Odell, Governor at the time, attempted to make an explanation to Mr. Gibbs he found Mr. Gibbs still very cool.

Chairman Odell has been described, when he attempts a witicism, as a rhinoceros attempting the waltz. There were Republicans hereabout yesterday who said that Mr. Odell's remark about Gov. Higgins being a "nice little fellow" was on a par with his remark in February to the effect that "Gov. Higgins was such a chump that he could not raise any revenue."

Gov. Higgins at the time was perplexed by problems of State revenue, precipitated by the deficiencies incident to Gov. Odell's last administration. These Republicans say that Chairman Odell has not felt very amiable toward Gov. Higgins since Gov. Higgins refused to heed his cables from Europe until he returned from his foreign journey.

Gov. Higgins went ahead and named the Gas Commission and the Water Commission, and appointed George W. Aldridge Railroad Commissioner, and now has appointed Frederick E. Gunnison a Railroad Commissioner with consultation with Mr. Odell; and, to cap the climax, a special committee of Senators and Assemblymen to investigate the insurance problems has been appointed without conference with Mr. Odell.

Chairman Odell is described as much irritated because he did not and cannot control the gas, water and railroad commissions, and is also somewhat nettled at Gov. Higgins because he is Supt. Francis Hendricks and Gov. Higgins who brought about the legislation which has resulted in the appointment of the special insurance legislative committee.

Gov. Higgins has no quarrel with Mr. Odell, but his friends made it very plain yesterday that the time has gone by when Gov. Odell can issue commands and have them obeyed.

Gov. Higgins, Gov. Higgins, it was suggested from all Republicans who regard the welfare of the party in the State, but will not be swayed by those actuated by personal motives of aggrandizement, either political or financial.

All this recalls that Chairman Odell before he sailed for Europe in February, in another unfortunate figure of speech, sent a command to President Roosevelt at Washington that he, the President, should forthwith and at once, without consultation with Senator Platt or with any other Republican appoint Senator Nathaniel A. Elsborg to be United States District Attorney to succeed Gen. Henry L. Burnett. Elsborg, still standing in his place, and Senator Elsborg, notwithstanding his recent visit to Senator Platt, will not, it was said yesterday, become Gen. Burnett's successor.

WE HAVE A PIECE OF CANADA.

Say the Surveyors Up Vermont Way—4,500

Yankees May Be Canucks.

NEWPORT, Vt., July 24.—The surveyors representing the United States and Canada have finished the inspection of the boundary line between the Dominion and the United States at Richmond and North Troy. It is said that they have made the discovery that Richmond, East Richmond and Stevens Mills, which are a short distance within what has been considered the Vermont side of the border, rightfully belong in Canada and steps will probably be taken to fix the boundaries so as to give Canada either a recompense or the territory stated. The strip of land is several miles in length and from one-half mile to a mile in width and has a population of about 4,500. Richmond has been one of the important outposts of the United States along the border. The Chinese detention station is there.

FALCONIO ON ROOSEVELT.

Papal Delegate Tells Why Catholics Like

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

MILWAUKEE, July 24.—"Christian men are awakening to their duties as Christians and citizens. That is why you are having such reform and anti-graft movements in Milwaukee and elsewhere throughout the United States. It is a good sign, and when it is over it will leave many lasting results."

This is the statement of Mr. Diomedeo Falconio, Papal Delegate to the United States, who is in Milwaukee.

"President Roosevelt has set the good example to his people. He has started to purify government and will succeed to a large degree. He is a good man, and is an example for young men of this country to follow. He is a Christian, and his own pure, good life will be reflected in the lives of others."

"His desire that, with his integrity and his conscience, all public business be conducted on an honest basis, is being felt in every part of the country, and his influence in other lands."

It is a mistake to say that Roosevelt has gained his popularity among the Catholic clergy because of his position toward the Catholic Church in the Philippines. That is only a small thing. It is his whole life and what he stands for, that makes Catholic trust him."

TOKIO TO WELCOME TAFT.

Three Days of Entertainment Planned for

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

TOKYO, July 24.—Secretary Taft and party are expected to arrive to-morrow. The Secretary and the official members of the party will be entertained at the Shiba, a detached palace. Miss Roosevelt will be the guest of Minister Gricom.

Since the announcement of the intended visit the citizens of Tokio have been planning a rousing welcome and elaborate entertainments. There is much disappointment among the Tokio residents that it will compel the postponement of the fete until the return of the party in September. The official program is as follows:

On Wednesday the Emperor and Empress will give an audience to the official members, followed by luncheon at the Imperial palace. In the evening Prime Minister Katsura will give a dinner to the entire party at the Imperial Hotel.

On Thursday Minister and Mrs. Gricom will give a garden party at the legation, where the visitors will meet the Imperial household. In the evening the Tokio bankers will give a Japanese dinner at the Maple Club.

On Friday Gen. Terauchi will give a luncheon to the whole party at the arsenal garden. A special train will convey them to Kioto on Friday night.

The nation undoubtedly desires to show its appreciation of American friendship.

A SHEPHERD'S CURB.

Boys and Sells Slightly Under Its Blue and

White Signboards.

The curb brokers worked under trading posts yesterday for the first time in the history of the curb. Before the market opened in the morning tall iron posts bearing in blue lettering on white enamel plates the names of stocks dealt in had been put in place. Elaborate sets of rules advising the brokers to stick close to their posts so as to leave the entrance clear were distributed. Before the day was over each broker got a bill for his share of the cost of the posts and other recent improvements and considers that he now has a vested interest.

As a result of the posts, trading on the curb seemed to be more orderly and quiet yesterday than it has ever been before. Men stood about the posts in groups and there was little of the frantic running about usually seen. Most of the traders believed that business was expedited, but there was, however, a general air of sadness and melancholy about the groups which seemed to indicate that the good old times now done away with by the stringent police regulations and the march of modern improvements are not yet forgotten.

MOTHER SAVES BOY FROM JAIL.

Refuses to Make Complaint, Though He

Had Stolen Her Jewels.

BRIDGET Fitzgerald displayed a mother's devotion in Jefferson Market police court yesterday and defied Magistrate Pool's threat of imprisonment.

James Fitzgerald and Joseph Madden had been arrested on a disorderly charge. When searched a \$75 pawn ticket for a pair of diamond earrings and \$65 in money were found. Detectives discovered that the earrings had been stolen from Mrs. Fitzgerald of 160 East Eighty-fourth street, so the boys were charged with grand larceny.

When the case was called Mrs. Fitzgerald failed to answer. At the second call a frail woman, neatly dressed in black, appeared.

"Why didn't you appear?" Magistrate Pool demanded. "You could be imprisoned."

"For what should I be sent to prison?" was the quiet reply. "Because I won't send my boy to jail. It's the first wrong he has done, and I'll not make a convict of him."

In the face of this decision Magistrate Pool discharged both boys.

DOUGLAS SURELY OUT OF IT.

Tells the Democratic State Committee

He Won't Run Again.

BOSTON, July 24.—Gov. William L. Douglas will not be a candidate for reelection. The Democratic State committee now knows this officially. He told the committee so to-day. This afternoon a sub-committee of fifteen prominent Democratic leaders spent an hour and twenty-five minutes in the executive chamber trying to argue Douglas into changing his mind. When the committee emerged from the conference Josiah Quincy, with the consent of the Governor, made the following statement:

"The committee presented resolutions asking the Governor to reconsider his announced intention and again be a candidate. The Governor stated that he felt obliged to adhere to his announced intention and withdraw from the field, and under no circumstances would he allow his name to again be considered."

BURGLAR CHASE HEAVENWARD.

Cole's Unlooked For Visitor Sought Safety

In Flight Up Fire Escape.

ANDREW J. Cole of 1199 Boston road, an inspector of signal boxes in the Fire Department, returned home late yesterday afternoon and found his apartment on the first floor, bolted on the inside. His family were away in the country, and Cole at once thought of burglars. He ran to the basement and told the janitor to call a policeman, but the janitor sent one of the servants and joined Cole in an attack on the door.

As they smashed their way in they saw a man climbing through the window to the fire escape in the rear. The man leaped below and then began to climb up. Cole followed, but the man beat him and disappeared through a fifth floor apartment.

The window opened into the dining room, where Feinsberg's daughter Alice was sitting. She screamed and ran to the door. The burglar followed her, and she was apparently looking for a fire escape in front. Finding none, he turned back in time to encounter Cole.

Cole and the burglar grappled. In the fight which followed the burglar used his jimmy on Cole's head until Cole managed to throw the burglar from him and end the scuffle with one blow.

Cole dragged his man to the hall, where he met two young men who said that they were detectives and to take charge of his prisoner. They didn't look the part, and while Cole was asking to see their shields Bicycle Policeman Webster came up, a surgeon from the Lebanon Hospital dressed the burglar's wounds and he was taken to the Morrisania police station.

When the burglar was taken to the station the value of \$300 was found on the prisoner, and in Cole's room almost everything of value had been packed up.

BURGLARS AND SNEAK THIEVES.

and dishonest servants can be insured against a

policy of THE AETNA INDEMNITY CO., Pa-

dent, 26 William St., N. Y. City. Tel. 476-7000.

—Ad.

YOUNG CROKER'S HALF MILLION.

HE HELD 2,000 SHARES OF INTER-

BOROUGH, 650 OF MANHATTAN.

See of the Tammany Ex-Leader Owed the Equitable Life \$100,000 on a Note—\$33,883 Paid to the Family of the Chauffeur Who Was Killed With Him.

The estate left by Frank H. Croker, who was killed in an automobile accident at Ormond, Fla., last January, when he was 26 years old, has been appraised at \$635,178 gross and \$491,880 net. This is only the personal property owned by the son of the former Tammany chief. He had very little real estate.

Included in the appraisal are the following items:

Cash in bank, \$87,662;
200 shares Hoebing Construction Company, \$4,800;
2,000 shares Interborough Rapid Transit, \$397,000;

850 shares Manhattan Elevated, \$110,662;
210 shares Mercantile Yacht Club, \$1,000;
100 shares Casualty Company of America, \$10,000;
5 shares Deal Golf Club, \$500.

These valuations are all of the date of young Croker's death. He also owned a half interest in a motor boat worth \$5,000, an automobile worth \$3,500, and some personal effects representing the balance of the appraisal.

His debts aggregated \$130,353, of which the bulk was his liability of \$100,000 on a \$200,000 "joint and several" note held by the Equitable Life Assurance Society. He owed Camman & Co., brokers, \$10,648, and had given a note for \$10,818.

The heirs of Alexander A. Raoul, Croker's driver, who was killed in the accident in which young Croker lost his life, settled their claim against the estate for \$2,383 cash. The administrators also paid Newton F. Stanley, a spectator who was injured, \$512.

Frank Croker left no will, his brother, Richard Croker, Jr., obtained letters of administration on the estate, the father waiving all claims on his son's property.

QUEER EFFECT OF RATE WAR.

Fare Cheaper From Chicago to Boston

Than to New York.

CHICAGO, July 24.—One unique effect of the Eastern passenger rate war will be a lower rate to-morrow from here to Boston than to New York. It will be put in by the Grand Trunk, Wabash, Erie and Nickel Plate roads. Under normal conditions the standard rate to Boston is \$22 and \$20 to New York, and the differential rate is \$10 to Boston and \$18 to New York. To-day the Michigan Central reduced its rates to the basis of \$16 from here to New York and Boston.

To-morrow the Grand Trunk, Erie, Wabash and Nickel Plate roads will, to maintain a differential of \$2 to New York and \$3 to Boston, put in new rates on a basis of \$14 to New York and \$13 to Boston.

From all points between here and Detroit the rate to New York will be cut to \$14, and that will also be the maximum rate to all points more than sixty miles east of Buffalo under the long and short haul clause of the interstate commerce law.

It is not likely that the Michigan Central will meet, before Thursday, the rates of other differential lines to the East.

CARTER OF HAWAII TO STICK.

Sees the President, Who Says He's a "Brick"

and Refuses His Resignation.

OYSTER BAY, July 24.—Gov. George R. Carter of Hawaii came to Oyster Bay this morning with his resignation in his pocket and a dry straight razor in his hand. But the President wouldn't hear of Gov. Carter resigning. The President believes Gov. Carter is a "brick." When the Governor turned from the hill to the railway station in the afternoon he looked about two years younger. He said:

"I came to Oyster Bay to resign, and I don't see any immediate prospect of harmony. The trouble is all local. In Hawaii there are many officials and factions, who cause friction. But I suppose my opponents would tell you that about the most troublesome trouble is standing here before you in the person of George R. Carter."

"If I were to tell the whole story of the local conditions there it would take two days. I went into the matter more or less briefly at the President's, and he seemed to be satisfied. Anyhow, some improvements have been made there. The party that corresponds to the Republican party in the United States is a well organized body. The racial distinction has been pretty thoroughly eliminated, and now the Republican and Democratic parties have nothing to do with the color of the person."

"Another thing—the American flag waves over every schoolhouse in the islands. A year ago that would have been impossible."

Gov. Carter has still nearly three years to serve before his four year term expires. He expects to stay in this country a few weeks by way of vacation.

AUTO AND HORSE CRASH.

Woman Badly Hurt, Horse's Legs Broken

and Was Smashed.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., July 24.—By a collision of a touring car with a horse and wagon in West Front street last night three persons were injured, a horse killed, the wagon wrecked and the automobile put out of commission. Mrs. Westphal, wife of Freeholder W. A. Westphal, who was on the front seat of the auto with William Stanbery, the owner and driver, was thrown ten feet and five of her ribs were broken. Miss Ada Westphal, her daughter and Walter Vail, other occupants, sustained cuts and bruises. Mr. Stanbery escaped with a few cuts.

The wagon was driven by Oscar Harris, who tried to cross the trolley tracks ahead of the automobile. The legs of the horse were broken and it was shot. Mr. Harris was thrown out and was cut about the head and body. Mrs. Westphal was found lying in the road in an unconscious condition, and taken to Dr. Platt's office at Duellen and then to her home.

Soon after the accident Mr. Stanbery and Mr. Harris were arrested and taken before Justice Campbell at Duellen. Mr. Stanbery left his auto as security for his appearance in court on Wednesday morning. Mr. Harris was released on his own recognizance.

Insult upon having Burnett's Vanilla.—Ad.

SETTING THE PACE.

When the New York Central Lines placed in service the Empire State Express in 1901, the "Express" in 1905, followed nine years later by the "20th Century Limited."

The wonderfully successful 18-hour train between New York and Chicago, they set the pace for the railways of the world.—Ad.

M. DE THALL NEARLY DROWNED.

New Russian Embassy Secretary Goes

Canoing With Girl and Upeats.

BOSTON, July 24.—M. De Thall, the new secretary of the Russian Embassy, had a narrow escape from drowning at Magnolia yesterday afternoon. He went to Creecent Beach with the Misses Colton, daughters of Col. Francis Colton of Washington.

Donning their bathing suits, M. De Thall and Miss Margery Colton got into a canoe. It was M. De Thall's first canoe experience and he had only gone a little way from shore when the canoe capsized. Miss Colton, who is a good swimmer, saved herself with ease, but the Russian had some difficulty getting out of the water. He cannot swim, and it was only after excessive splashing and plunging that he finally got into water shallow enough for a footing. After